wwPDB EM Validation Summary Report (i)

Mar 31, 2021 – 09:51 am BST

EMDB ID	:	EMD-1234
Title	:	West Nile virus in complex with the Fab fragment of a neutralizing monoclonal antibody.
Authors	:	Kaufmann, B.; Nybakken, G.E.; Chipman, P.R.; Zhang, W.; Diamond, M.S.; Fremont, D.H.; Kuhn, R.J.; Rossmann, M.G.
Deposited on	:	2006-06-29
Resolution	:	14.50 Å(reported)

This is a wwPDB EM Validation Summary Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at *validation@mail.wwpdb.org*
A user guide is available at
https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/EMMapValidationReportHelp
with specific help available everywhere you see the (i) symbol.

The following versions of software and data (see references (1)) were used in the production of this report:

EMDB validation analysis	:	0.0.0.dev75
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP)	:	2.18

1 Experimental information (i)

Property	Value	Source
EM reconstruction method	SINGLE PARTICLE	Depositor
Imposed symmetry	Not Provided	
Number of particles used	3567	Depositor
Resolution determination method	FSC 0.5 CUT-OFF	Depositor
CTF correction method	Each particle	Depositor
Microscope	FEI/PHILIPS CM300FEG/T	Depositor
Voltage (kV)	300	Depositor
Electron dose ($e^-/Å^2$)	22	Depositor
Minimum defocus (nm)	1.32	Depositor
Maximum defocus (nm)	3.88	Depositor
Magnification	47190.0	Depositor
Image detector	KODAK SO-163 FILM	Depositor
Maximum map value	11314.149	Depositor
Minimum map value	-1499.928	Depositor
Average map value	703.748	Depositor
Map value standard deviation	1973.494	Depositor
Recommended contour level	611.0	Depositor
Map size (Å)	826.51587, 826.51587, 826.51587	wwPDB
Map dimensions	301, 301, 301	wwPDB
Map angles (°)	90.0, 90.0, 90.0	wwPDB
Pixel spacing (Å)	2.7459, 2.7459, 2.7459	Depositor

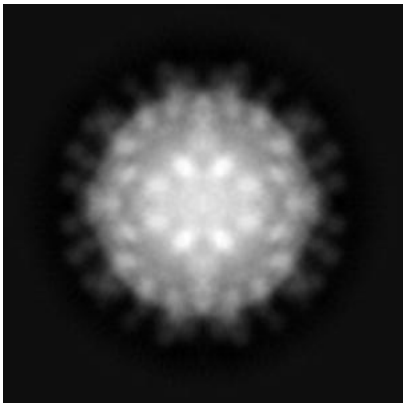
2 Map visualisation (i)

This section contains visualisations of the EMDB entry EMD-1234. These allow visual inspection of the internal detail of the map and identification of artifacts.

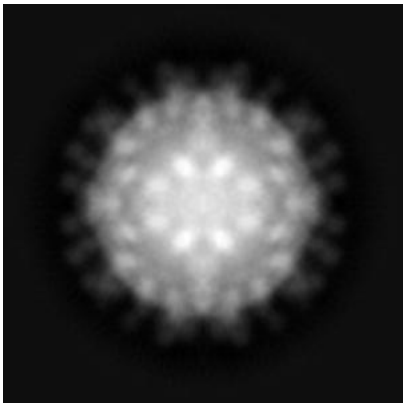
No raw map or half-maps were deposited for this entry and therefore no images, graphs, etc. pertaining to the raw map can be shown.

2.1 Orthogonal projections (i)

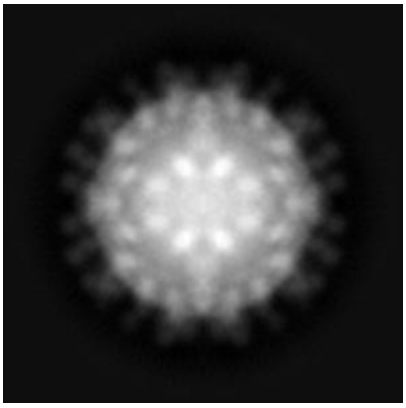
2.1.1 Primary map



X



Y

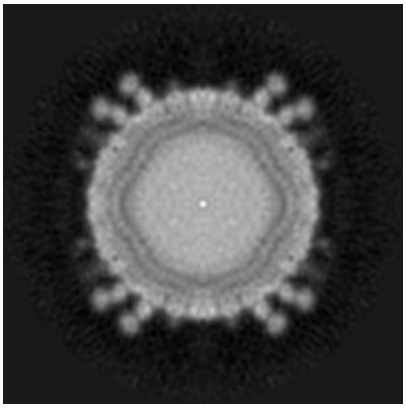


Z

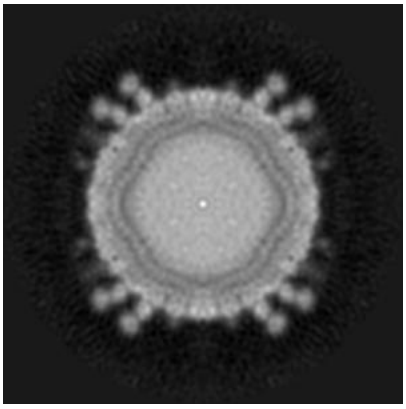
The images above show the map projected in three orthogonal directions.

2.2 Central slices (i)

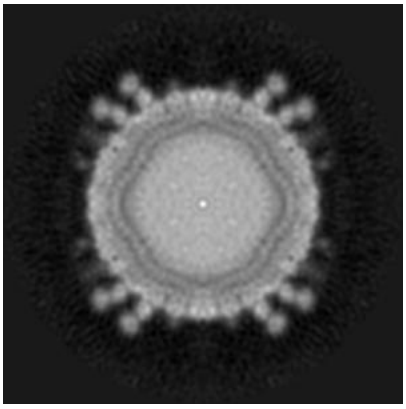
2.2.1 Primary map



X Index: 150



Y Index: 150

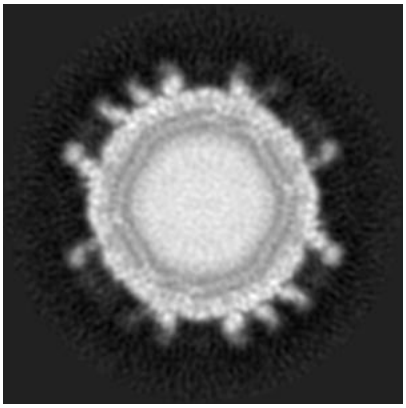


Z Index: 150

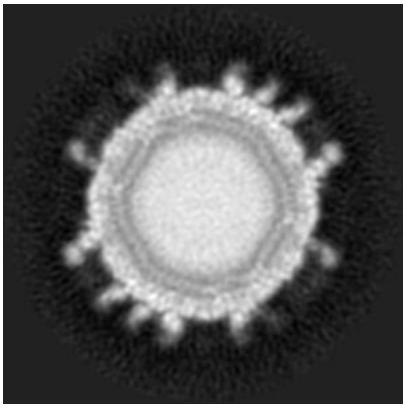
The images above show central slices of the map in three orthogonal directions.

2.3 Largest variance slices (i)

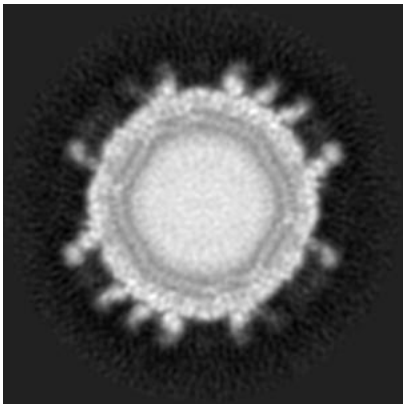
2.3.1 Primary map



X Index: 141



Y Index: 159

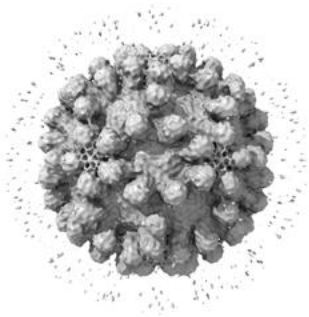


Z Index: 159

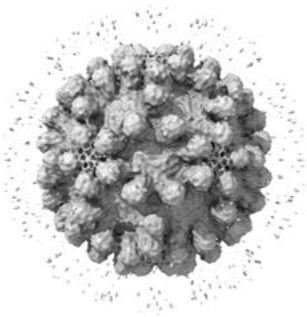
The images above show the largest variance slices of the map in three orthogonal directions.

2.4 Orthogonal surface views (i)

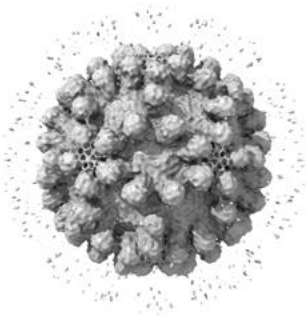
2.4.1 Primary map



X



Y



Z

The images above show the 3D surface view of the map at the recommended contour level 611.0. These images, in conjunction with the slice images, may facilitate assessment of whether an appropriate contour level has been provided.

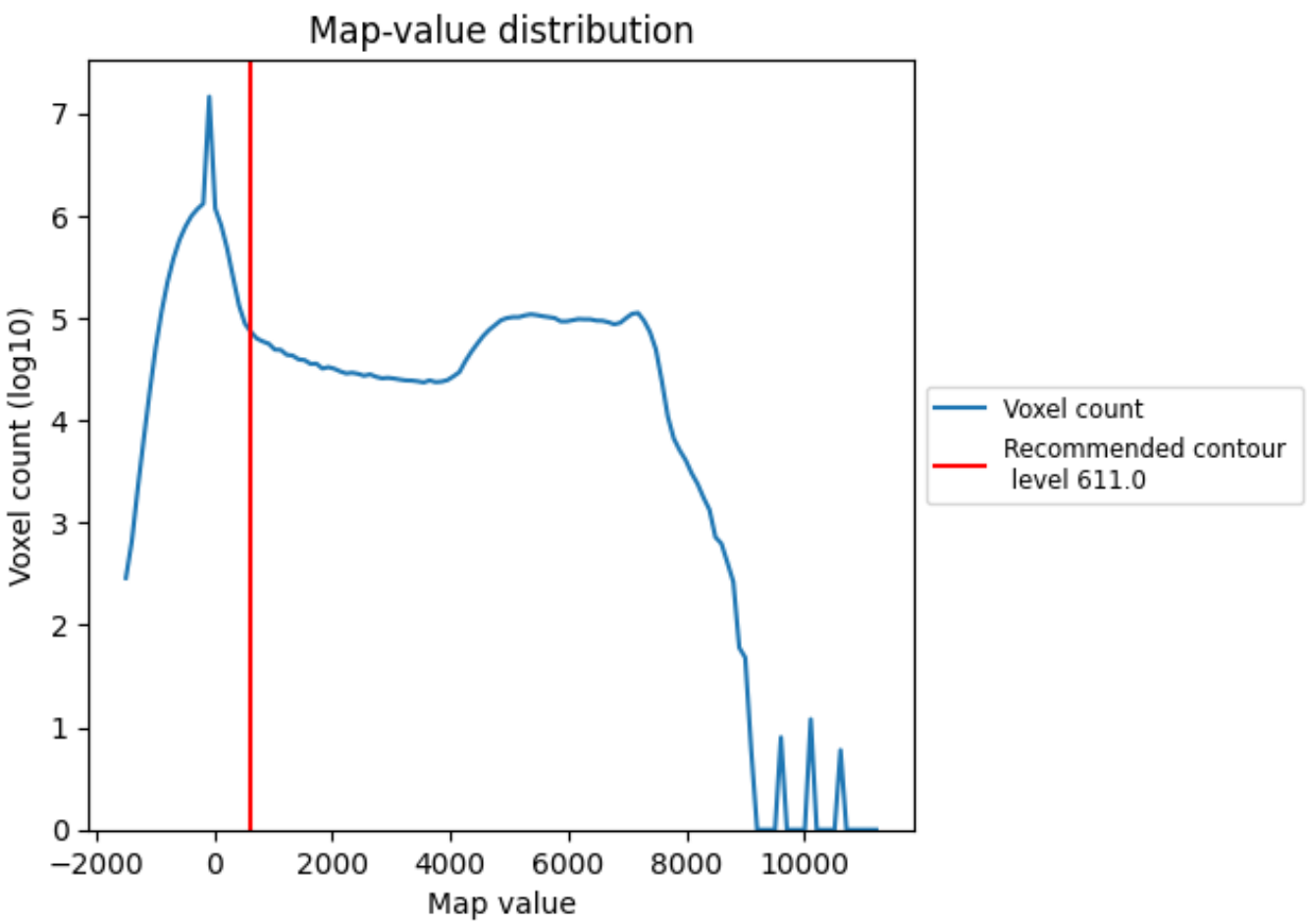
2.5 Mask visualisation (i)

This section was not generated. No masks/segmentation were deposited.

3 Map analysis (i)

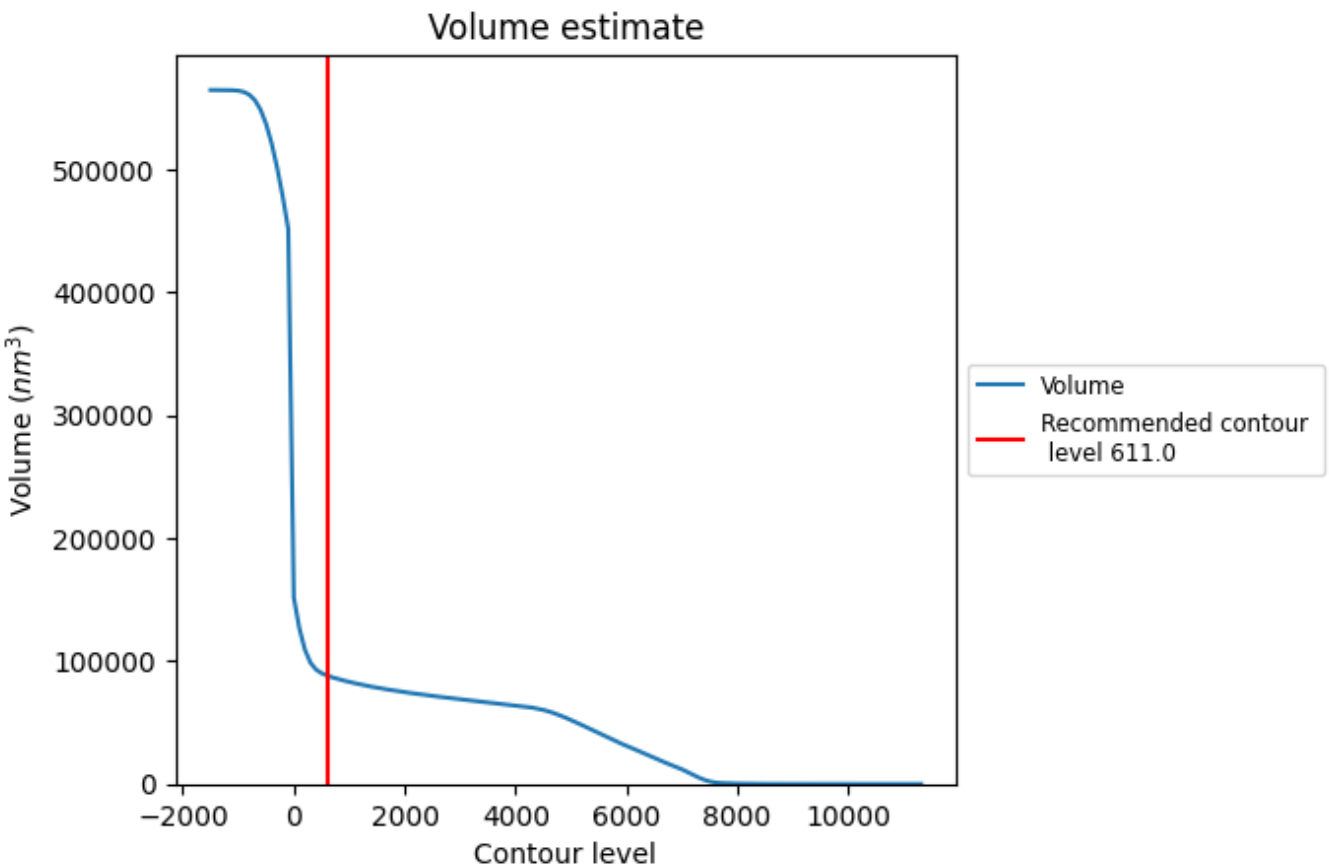
This section contains the results of statistical analysis of the map.

3.1 Map-value distribution (i)



The map-value distribution is plotted in 128 intervals along the x-axis. The y-axis is logarithmic. A spike in this graph at zero usually indicates that the volume has been masked.

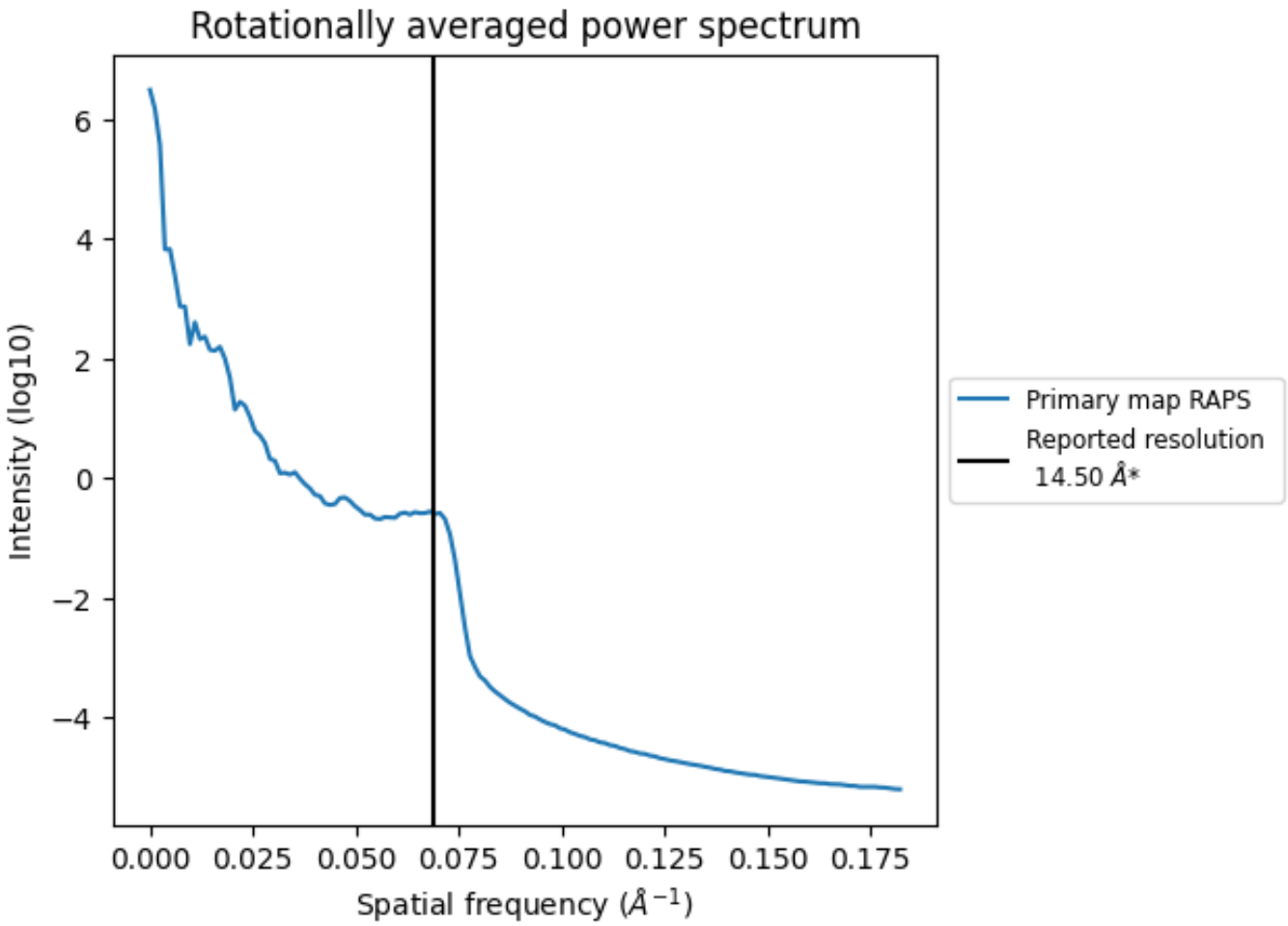
3.2 Volume estimate (i)



The volume at the recommended contour level is 88078 nm^3; this corresponds to an approximate mass of 79563 kDa.

The volume estimate graph shows how the enclosed volume varies with the contour level. The recommended contour level is shown as a vertical line and the intersection between the line and the curve gives the volume of the enclosed surface at the given level.

3.3 Rotationally averaged power spectrum (i)



*Reported resolution corresponds to spatial frequency of 0.069 Å^{-1}

4 Fourier-Shell correlation (i)

This section was not generated. No FSC curve or half-maps provided.