wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Summary Report (i)

Aug 31, 2020 – 07:56 AM BST

PDB ID	:	191D
Title	:	CRYSTAL STRUCTURE OF INTERCALATED FOUR-STRANDED D(C3T)
Authors	:	Kang, C.; Berger, I.; Lockshin, C.; Ratliff, R.; Moyzis, R.; Rich, A.
Deposited on	:	1994-09-29
Resolution	:	1.40 Å(reported)

This is a wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Summary Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at *validation@mail.wwpdb.org*
A user guide is available at
https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/XrayValidationReportHelp
with specific help available everywhere you see the (i) symbol.

The following versions of software and data (see references (1)) were used in the production of this report:

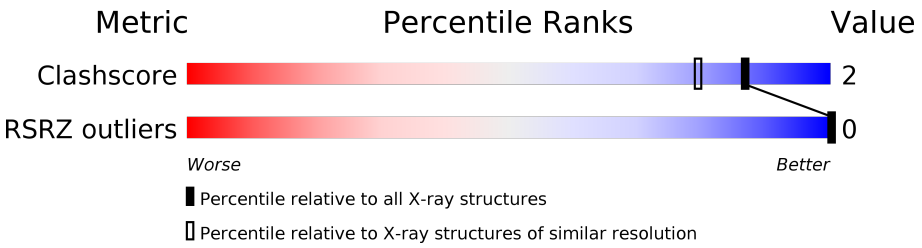
MolProbity	:	4.02b-467
Xtriage (Phenix)	:	1.13
EDS	:	2.13
Percentile statistics	:	20191225.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 25th 2019)
Refmac	:	5.8.0158
CCP4	:	7.0.044 (Gargrove)
Ideal geometry (proteins)	:	Engh & Huber (2001)
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA)	:	Parkinson et al. (1996)
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP)	:	2.13

1 Overall quality at a glance (i)

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure:
X-RAY DIFFRACTION

The reported resolution of this entry is 1.40 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive (#Entries)	Similar resolution (#Entries, resolution range(Å))
Clashscore	141614	1812 (1.40-1.40)
RSRZ outliers	127900	1674 (1.40-1.40)

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the electron density. The red, orange, yellow and green segments on the lower bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for >=3, 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions <=5% The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the electron density. The numeric value is given above the bar.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
1	A	4	50% 50%
1	B	4	75% 25%
1	C	4	100%
1	D	4	100%

2 Entry composition (i)

There are 3 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 398 atoms, of which 36 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the ZeroOcc column contains the number of atoms modelled with zero occupancy, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

- Molecule 1 is a DNA chain called DNA (5'-D(*CP*CP*CP*T)-3').

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms						ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
			Total	C	H	N	O	P			
1	A	4	83	37	9	11	23	3	9	0	0
1	B	4	83	37	9	11	23	3	9	0	0
1	C	4	83	37	9	11	23	3	9	0	0
1	D	4	83	37	9	11	23	3	9	0	0

- Molecule 2 is SODIUM ION (three-letter code: NA) (formula: Na).

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms		ZeroOcc	AltConf
			Total	Na		
2	B	1	1	1	0	0
2	A	1	1	1	0	0
2	C	1	1	1	0	0

- Molecule 3 is water.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms		ZeroOcc	AltConf
			Total	O		
3	A	17	17	17	0	0
3	B	7	7	7	0	0
3	C	13	13	13	0	0
3	D	26	26	26	0	0

3 Residue-property plots (i)

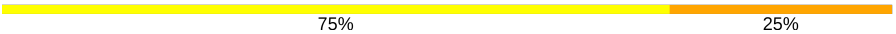
These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry and electron density. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. A red dot above a residue indicates a poor fit to the electron density (RSRZ > 2). Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

- Molecule 1: DNA (5'-D(*CP*CP*CP*T)-3')

Chain A:

- Molecule 1: DNA (5'-D(*CP*CP*CP*T)-3')

Chain B:



- Molecule 1: DNA (5'-D(*CP*CP*CP*T)-3')

Chain C:

- Molecule 1: DNA (5'-D(*CP*CP*CP*T)-3')

Chain D:

4 Data and refinement statistics (i)

Property	Value	Source
Space group	C 2 2 21	Depositor
Cell constants a, b, c, α, β, γ	28.28Å 44.34Å 50.47Å 90.00° 90.00° 90.00°	Depositor
Resolution (Å)	10.00 – 1.40 23.84 – 1.50	Depositor EDS
% Data completeness (in resolution range)	96.0 (10.00-1.40) 94.1 (23.84-1.50)	Depositor EDS
R_{merge}	(Not available)	Depositor
R_{sym}	(Not available)	Depositor
$< I/\sigma(I) >$ [1]	4.06 (at 1.50Å)	Xtriage
Refinement program	X-PLOR	Depositor
R, R_{free}	0.177 , 0.225 0.176 , (Not available)	Depositor DCC
R_{free} test set	No test flags present.	wwPDB-VP
Wilson B-factor (Å^2)	13.0	Xtriage
Anisotropy	0.395	Xtriage
Bulk solvent k_{sol}(e/Å^3), B_{sol}(Å^2)	0.30 , 67.3	EDS
L-test for twinning[2]	$< \|L\| > = 0.49$, $< L^2 > = 0.32$	Xtriage
Estimated twinning fraction	No twinning to report.	Xtriage
F_o,F_c correlation	0.97	EDS
Total number of atoms	398	wwPDB-VP
Average B, all atoms (Å^2)	15.0	wwPDB-VP

Xtriage's analysis on translational NCS is as follows: *The analyses of the Patterson function reveals a significant off-origin peak that is 28.06 % of the origin peak, indicating pseudo-translational symmetry. The chance of finding a peak of this or larger height randomly in a structure without pseudo-translational symmetry is equal to 1.9699e-03. The detected translational NCS is most likely also responsible for the elevated intensity ratio.*

[1] Intensities estimated from amplitudes.

[2] Theoretical values of $< |L| >$, $< L^2 >$ for acentric reflections are 0.5, 0.333 respectively for untwinned datasets, and 0.375, 0.2 for perfectly twinned datasets.

5 Model quality (i)

5.1 Standard geometry (i)

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: NA

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 5$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bond lengths		Bond angles	
		RMSZ	$\#\|Z\|>5$	RMSZ	$\#\|Z\|>5$
1	A	3.03	10/81 (12.3%)	3.03	15/122 (12.3%)
1	B	3.10	8/81 (9.9%)	3.12	15/122 (12.3%)
1	C	3.34	12/81 (14.8%)	2.62	9/122 (7.4%)
1	D	3.15	7/81 (8.6%)	2.73	10/122 (8.2%)
All	All	3.16	37/324 (11.4%)	2.88	49/488 (10.0%)

Chiral center outliers are detected by calculating the chiral volume of a chiral center and verifying if the center is modelled as a planar moiety or with the opposite hand.A planarity outlier is detected by checking planarity of atoms in a peptide group, atoms in a mainchain group or atoms of a sidechain that are expected to be planar.

Mol	Chain	#Chirality outliers	#Planarity outliers
1	A	0	1

The worst 5 of 37 bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(Å)	Ideal(Å)
1	D	16	DT	C5-C7	13.03	1.57	1.50
1	A	4	DT	C5-C7	10.29	1.56	1.50
1	B	5	DC	C4'-C3'	9.08	1.62	1.53
1	C	9	DC	O3'-P	8.63	1.71	1.61
1	C	9	DC	N1-C6	8.42	1.42	1.37

The worst 5 of 49 bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(^{o})	Ideal(^{o})
1	B	6	DC	O4'-C4'-C3'	10.99	112.59	106.00
1	D	13	DC	C2-N3-C4	10.25	125.03	119.90
1	A	4	DT	N3-C4-O4	-10.25	113.75	119.90
1	B	6	DC	C1'-O4'-C4'	-9.95	100.15	110.10

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Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(^{o})	Ideal(^{o})
1	A	1	DC	O4'-C4'-C3'	-9.00	100.60	106.00

There are no chirality outliers.

All (1) planarity outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Group
1	A	3	DC	Sidechain

5.2 Too-close contacts (i)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	A	74	9	47	1	0
1	B	74	9	47	1	0
1	C	74	9	47	0	0
1	D	74	9	47	0	0
2	A	1	0	0	0	0
2	B	1	0	0	0	0
2	C	1	0	0	0	0
3	A	17	0	0	0	0
3	B	7	0	0	0	0
3	C	13	0	0	0	0
3	D	26	0	0	0	2
All	All	362	36	188	1	2

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 2.

All (1) close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:A:1:DC:N3	1:B:5:DC:N3	2.69	0.40

All (2) symmetry-related close contacts are listed below. The label for Atom-2 includes the symmetry operator and encoded unit-cell translations to be applied.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
3:D:68:HOH:O	3:D:68:HOH:O[3_556]	1.42	0.78
3:D:80:HOH:O	3:D:80:HOH:O[3_556]	1.75	0.45

5.3 Torsion angles (i)

5.3.1 Protein backbone (i)

There are no protein molecules in this entry.

5.3.2 Protein sidechains (i)

There are no protein molecules in this entry.

5.3.3 RNA (i)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

5.5 Carbohydrates (i)

There are no monosaccharides in this entry.

5.6 Ligand geometry (i)

Of 3 ligands modelled in this entry, 3 are monoatomic - leaving 0 for Mogul analysis.

There are no bond length outliers.

There are no bond angle outliers.

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no torsion outliers.

There are no ring outliers.

No monomer is involved in short contacts.

5.7 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.

5.8 Polymer linkage issues (i)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.

6 Fit of model and data (i)

6.1 Protein, DNA and RNA chains (i)

In the following table, the column labelled '#RSRZ> 2' contains the number (and percentage) of RSRZ outliers, followed by percent RSRZ outliers for the chain as percentile scores relative to all X-ray entries and entries of similar resolution. The OWAB column contains the minimum, median, 95th percentile and maximum values of the occupancy-weighted average B-factor per residue. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of (and percentage) of residues with an average occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	<RSRZ>	#RSRZ>2			OWAB(Å^2)	Q<0.9
1	A	4/4 (100%)	-0.72	0	100	100	11, 12, 13, 14	0
1	B	4/4 (100%)	-0.61	0	100	100	14, 14, 15, 16	0
1	C	4/4 (100%)	-0.63	0	100	100	11, 12, 15, 17	0
1	D	4/4 (100%)	-0.71	0	100	100	12, 13, 14, 14	0
All	All	16/16 (100%)	-0.67	0	100	100	11, 14, 16, 17	0

There are no RSRZ outliers to report.

6.2 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

6.3 Carbohydrates (i)

There are no monosaccharides in this entry.

6.4 Ligands (i)

In the following table, the Atoms column lists the number of modelled atoms in the group and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. The B-factors column lists the minimum, median, 95th percentile and maximum values of B factors of atoms in the group. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of atoms with occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	B-factors(Å^2)	Q<0.9
2	NA	C	18	1/1	0.85	0.18	37,37,37,37	0
2	NA	A	19	1/1	0.95	0.23	28,28,28,28	0
2	NA	B	17	1/1	0.98	0.15	28,28,28,28	0

6.5 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.