



wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Summary Report ⓘ

Jul 26, 2023 – 01:36 AM EDT

PDB ID : 1A2A
Title : AGKISTROTOXIN, A PHOSPHOLIPASE A2-TYPE PRESYNAPTIC NEUROTOXIN FROM AGKISTRODON HALYS PALLAS
Authors : Tang, L.; Zhou, Y.; Lin, Z.
Deposited on : 1997-12-25
Resolution : 2.80 Å(reported)

This is a wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Summary Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.org

A user guide is available at

<https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/XrayValidationReportHelp>

with specific help available everywhere you see the ⓘ symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at

<http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types>.

The following versions of software and data (see [references ⓘ](#)) were used in the production of this report:

MolProbity : 4.02b-467
Xtriage (Phenix) : 1.13
EDS : 2.34
Percentile statistics : 20191225.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 25th 2019)
Refmac : 5.8.0158
CCP4 : 7.0.044 (Gargrove)
Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001)
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : 2.34

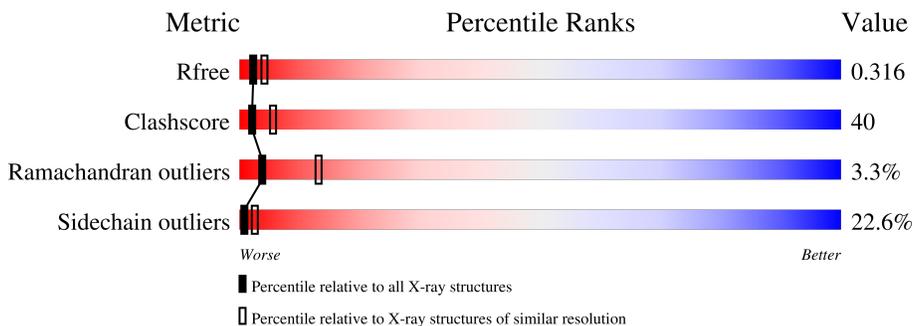
1 Overall quality at a glance

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure:

X-RAY DIFFRACTION

The reported resolution of this entry is 2.80 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive (#Entries)	Similar resolution (#Entries, resolution range(Å))
R_{free}	130704	3140 (2.80-2.80)
Clashscore	141614	3569 (2.80-2.80)
Ramachandran outliers	138981	3498 (2.80-2.80)
Sidechain outliers	138945	3500 (2.80-2.80)

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the electron density. The red, orange, yellow and green segments of the lower bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for ≥ 3 , 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions $\leq 5\%$

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
1	A	122	36% 51% 13%
1	B	122	34% 48% 17%
1	C	122	36% 52% 12%
1	D	122	30% 53% 17%
1	E	122	41% 47% 12%
1	F	122	34% 48% 17%
1	G	122	34% 53% 12%

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Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
1	H	122	 30% 52% 18%

2 Entry composition

There are 2 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 7692 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the ZeroOcc column contains the number of atoms modelled with zero occupancy, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

- Molecule 1 is a protein called PHOSPHOLIPASE A2.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
			Total	C	N	O	S			
1	A	122	961	590	163	192	16	0	0	0
1	B	122	961	590	163	192	16	0	0	0
1	C	122	961	590	163	192	16	0	0	0
1	D	122	961	590	163	192	16	0	0	0
1	E	122	961	590	163	192	16	0	0	0
1	F	122	961	590	163	192	16	0	0	0
1	G	122	961	590	163	192	16	0	0	0
1	H	122	961	590	163	192	16	0	0	0

There are 8 discrepancies between the modelled and reference sequences:

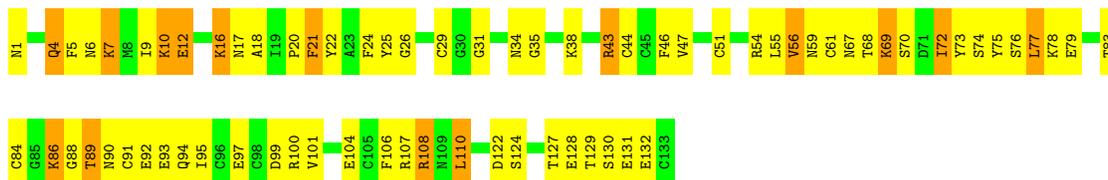
Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
A	34	ASN	GLN	conflict	UNP P14421
B	34	ASN	GLN	conflict	UNP P14421
C	34	ASN	GLN	conflict	UNP P14421
D	34	ASN	GLN	conflict	UNP P14421
E	34	ASN	GLN	conflict	UNP P14421
F	34	ASN	GLN	conflict	UNP P14421
G	34	ASN	GLN	conflict	UNP P14421
H	34	ASN	GLN	conflict	UNP P14421

- Molecule 2 is CHLORIDE ION (three-letter code: CL) (formula: Cl).

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms		ZeroOcc	AltConf
2	C	1	Total 1	Cl 1	0	0
2	D	1	Total 1	Cl 1	0	0
2	E	1	Total 1	Cl 1	0	0
2	F	1	Total 1	Cl 1	0	0

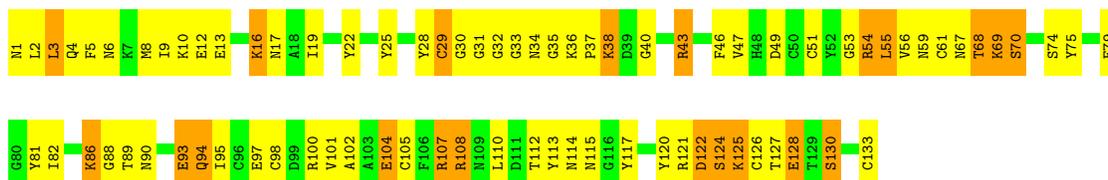
- Molecule 1: PHOSPHOLIPASE A2

Chain E: 



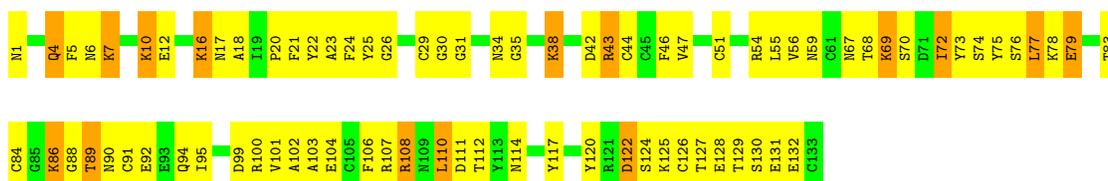
- Molecule 1: PHOSPHOLIPASE A2

Chain F: 



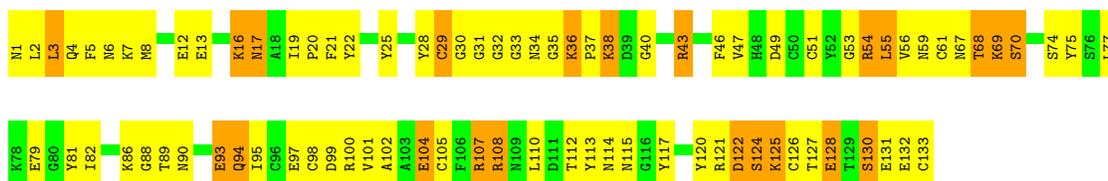
- Molecule 1: PHOSPHOLIPASE A2

Chain G: 



- Molecule 1: PHOSPHOLIPASE A2

Chain H: 



4 Data and refinement statistics i

Property	Value	Source
Space group	P 1 21 1	Depositor
Cell constants a, b, c, α , β , γ	108.95Å 85.23Å 71.05Å 90.00° 109.66° 90.00°	Depositor
Resolution (Å)	6.00 – 2.80 35.37 – 2.61	Depositor EDS
% Data completeness (in resolution range)	51.2 (6.00-2.80) 60.9 (35.37-2.61)	Depositor EDS
R_{merge}	0.06	Depositor
R_{sym}	0.06	Depositor
$\langle I/\sigma(I) \rangle$ ¹	1.80 (at 2.61Å)	Xtrriage
Refinement program	X-PLOR 3.851	Depositor
R, R_{free}	0.207 , 0.285 0.253 , 0.316	Depositor DCC
R_{free} test set	2258 reflections (9.93%)	wwPDB-VP
Wilson B-factor (Å ²)	39.4	Xtrriage
Anisotropy	0.335	Xtrriage
Bulk solvent k_{sol} (e/Å ³), B_{sol} (Å ²)	0.33 , 82.6	EDS
L-test for twinning ²	$\langle L \rangle = 0.49$, $\langle L^2 \rangle = 0.32$	Xtrriage
Estimated twinning fraction	0.000 for -h-1,-k,l	Xtrriage
F_o, F_c correlation	0.91	EDS
Total number of atoms	7692	wwPDB-VP
Average B, all atoms (Å ²)	32.0	wwPDB-VP

Xtrriage's analysis on translational NCS is as follows: *The analyses of the Patterson function reveals a significant off-origin peak that is 98.28 % of the origin peak, indicating pseudo-translational symmetry. The chance of finding a peak of this or larger height randomly in a structure without pseudo-translational symmetry is equal to 3.7907e-11. The detected translational NCS is most likely also responsible for the elevated intensity ratio.*

¹Intensities estimated from amplitudes.

²Theoretical values of $\langle |L| \rangle$, $\langle L^2 \rangle$ for acentric reflections are 0.5, 0.333 respectively for untwinned datasets, and 0.375, 0.2 for perfectly twinned datasets.

5 Model quality [i](#)

5.1 Standard geometry [i](#)

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section:
CL

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 5$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bond lengths		Bond angles	
		RMSZ	# Z >5	RMSZ	# Z >5
1	A	0.41	0/979	0.73	2/1311 (0.2%)
1	B	0.44	0/979	0.59	0/1311
1	C	0.44	0/979	0.63	0/1311
1	D	0.41	0/979	0.58	0/1311
1	E	0.44	0/979	0.64	0/1311
1	F	0.39	0/979	0.58	0/1311
1	G	0.42	0/979	0.63	0/1311
1	H	0.41	0/979	0.59	0/1311
All	All	0.42	0/7832	0.62	2/10488 (0.0%)

There are no bond length outliers.

All (2) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(°)	Ideal(°)
1	A	54	ARG	NE-CZ-NH1	9.72	125.16	120.30
1	A	54	ARG	NE-CZ-NH2	-9.72	115.44	120.30

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no planarity outliers.

5.2 Too-close contacts [i](#)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry-related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	A	961	0	877	67	0

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Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	B	961	0	877	92	0
1	C	961	0	877	67	0
1	D	961	0	877	96	0
1	E	961	0	877	62	0
1	F	961	0	877	88	0
1	G	961	0	877	72	0
1	H	961	0	877	94	0
2	C	1	0	0	0	0
2	D	1	0	0	0	0
2	E	1	0	0	0	0
2	F	1	0	0	0	0
All	All	7692	0	7016	592	0

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 40.

The worst 5 of 592 close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:G:76:SER:HB3	1:H:108:ARG:HH21	1.32	0.90
1:A:76:SER:HB3	1:B:108:ARG:HH21	1.34	0.89
1:E:76:SER:HB3	1:F:108:ARG:HH21	1.36	0.89
1:G:91:CYS:O	1:G:95:ILE:HG13	1.74	0.87
1:C:76:SER:HB3	1:D:108:ARG:HH21	1.43	0.83

There are no symmetry-related clashes.

5.3 Torsion angles [i](#)

5.3.1 Protein backbone [i](#)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles
1	A	120/122 (98%)	107 (89%)	11 (9%)	2 (2%)	9 29

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Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles
1	B	120/122 (98%)	97 (81%)	17 (14%)	6 (5%)	2 6
1	C	120/122 (98%)	106 (88%)	12 (10%)	2 (2%)	9 29
1	D	120/122 (98%)	99 (82%)	15 (12%)	6 (5%)	2 6
1	E	120/122 (98%)	107 (89%)	11 (9%)	2 (2%)	9 29
1	F	120/122 (98%)	97 (81%)	17 (14%)	6 (5%)	2 6
1	G	120/122 (98%)	106 (88%)	12 (10%)	2 (2%)	9 29
1	H	120/122 (98%)	96 (80%)	18 (15%)	6 (5%)	2 6
All	All	960/976 (98%)	815 (85%)	113 (12%)	32 (3%)	4 13

5 of 32 Ramachandran outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	21	PHE
1	C	21	PHE
1	E	21	PHE
1	G	21	PHE
1	A	31	GLY

5.3.2 Protein sidechains [i](#)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles
1	A	105/105 (100%)	82 (78%)	23 (22%)	1 3
1	B	105/105 (100%)	81 (77%)	24 (23%)	1 2
1	C	105/105 (100%)	82 (78%)	23 (22%)	1 3
1	D	105/105 (100%)	80 (76%)	25 (24%)	0 2
1	E	105/105 (100%)	82 (78%)	23 (22%)	1 3
1	F	105/105 (100%)	81 (77%)	24 (23%)	1 2
1	G	105/105 (100%)	83 (79%)	22 (21%)	1 3
1	H	105/105 (100%)	79 (75%)	26 (25%)	0 2
All	All	840/840 (100%)	650 (77%)	190 (23%)	1 2

5 of 190 residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	E	128	GLU
1	G	7	LYS
1	F	6	ASN
1	F	93	GLU
1	G	56	VAL

Sometimes sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. 5 of 28 such sidechains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	E	6	ASN
1	H	114	ASN
1	E	114	ASN
1	G	114	ASN
1	E	59	ASN

5.3.3 RNA [i](#)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains [i](#)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

5.5 Carbohydrates [i](#)

There are no monosaccharides in this entry.

5.6 Ligand geometry [i](#)

Of 4 ligands modelled in this entry, 4 are monoatomic - leaving 0 for Mogul analysis.

There are no bond length outliers.

There are no bond angle outliers.

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no torsion outliers.

There are no ring outliers.

No monomer is involved in short contacts.

5.7 Other polymers [i](#)

There are no such residues in this entry.

5.8 Polymer linkage issues [i](#)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.

6 Fit of model and data

6.1 Protein, DNA and RNA chains

Unable to reproduce the depositors R factor - this section is therefore empty.

6.2 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains

Unable to reproduce the depositors R factor - this section is therefore empty.

6.3 Carbohydrates

Unable to reproduce the depositors R factor - this section is therefore empty.

6.4 Ligands

Unable to reproduce the depositors R factor - this section is therefore empty.

6.5 Other polymers

Unable to reproduce the depositors R factor - this section is therefore empty.