# wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Summary Report (i)

May 22, 2020 – 12:29 am BST

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| PDB ID | : | 2XSM |
| Title | : | Crystal structure of the mammalian cytosolic chaperonin CCT in complex with tubulin |
| Authors | : | Munoz, I.G.; Yebenes, H.; Zhou, M.; Mesa, P.; Serna, M.; Bragado-Nilsson, E.; Beloso, A.; Robinson, C.V.; Valpuesta, J.M.; Montoya, G. |
| Deposited on | : | 2010-10-29 |
| Resolution | : | 5.50 Å(reported) |

This is a wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Summary Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at *validation@mail.wwpdb.org*
A user guide is available at
https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/XrayValidationReportHelp
with specific help available everywhere you see the (i) symbol.

The following versions of software and data (see references (1)) were used in the production of this report:

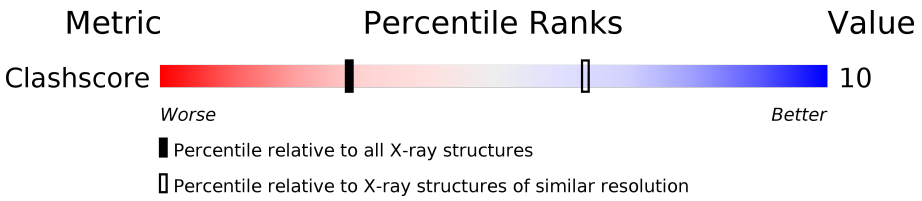
| | | |
|---|---|---|
| MolProbity | : | 4.02b-467 |
| Xtriage (Phenix) | : | 1.13 |
| EDS | : | 2.11 |
| Percentile statistics | : | 20191225.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 25th 2019) |
| Refmac | : | 5.8.0158 |
| CCP4 | : | 7.0.044 (Gargrove) |
| Ideal geometry (proteins) | : | Engh & Huber (2001) |
| Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) | : | Parkinson et al. (1996) |
| Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) | : | 2.11 |

# 1 Overall quality at a glance (i)

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure:
*X-RAY DIFFRACTION*

The reported resolution of this entry is 5.50 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.




| Metric | Whole archive (#Entries) | Similar resolution (#Entries, resolution range(Å)) |
|---|---|---|
| Clashscore | 141614 | 1010 (7.10-3.90) |

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the electron density. The red, orange, yellow and green segments on the lower bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for >=3, 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions <=5%

| Mol | Chain | Length | Quality of chain |
|---|---|---|---|
| 1 | A | 489 | 99% . |
| 2 | B | 478 | 98% . |
| 3 | C | 455 | 98% . |
| 4 | D | 471 | 99% . |
| 5 | E | 472 | 96% . |
| 6 | F | 466 | 98% . |
| 7 | G | 485 | 98% . |
| 8 | H | 474 | 99% . |
| 9 | I | 293 | 96% . |
| 10 | J | 299 | 97% . |
| 11 | K | 394 | 96% . |

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| Mol | Chain | Length | Quality of chain |
|---|---|---|---|
| 12 | L | 297 | 99% |
| 12 | O | 297 | 99% |
| 13 | M | 298 | 98% |
| 14 | N | 289 | 99% |
| 15 | P | 481 | 99% |

# 2 Entry composition (i)

There are 15 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 6438 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the ZeroOcc column contains the number of atoms modelled with zero occupancy, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

- Molecule 1 is a protein called CCT.

| Mol | Chain | Residues | Atoms | | ZeroOcc | AltConf | Trace |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| | | | Total | C | | | |
| 1 | A | 489 | 489 | 489 | 0 | 0 | 489 |

- Molecule 2 is a protein called CCT.

| Mol | Chain | Residues | Atoms | | ZeroOcc | AltConf | Trace |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| | | | Total | C | | | |
| 2 | B | 478 | 478 | 478 | 0 | 0 | 478 |

- Molecule 3 is a protein called CCT.

| Mol | Chain | Residues | Atoms | | ZeroOcc | AltConf | Trace |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| | | | Total | C | | | |
| 3 | C | 455 | 455 | 455 | 0 | 0 | 455 |

- Molecule 4 is a protein called CCT.

| Mol | Chain | Residues | Atoms | | ZeroOcc | AltConf | Trace |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| | | | Total | C | | | |
| 4 | D | 471 | 471 | 471 | 0 | 0 | 471 |

- Molecule 5 is a protein called CCT.

| Mol | Chain | Residues | Atoms | | ZeroOcc | AltConf | Trace |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| | | | Total | C | | | |
| 5 | E | 472 | 472 | 472 | 0 | 0 | 472 |

- Molecule 6 is a protein called CCT.

| Mol | Chain | Residues | Atoms | | ZeroOcc | AltConf | Trace |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| | | | Total | C | | | |
| 6 | F | 466 | 466 | 466 | 0 | 0 | 466 |

- Molecule 7 is a protein called CCT.

| Mol | Chain | Residues | Atoms | ZeroOcc | AltConf | Trace |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| 7 | G | 485 | Total C<br>485 485 | 0 | 0 | 485 |

- Molecule 8 is a protein called CCT.

| Mol | Chain | Residues | Atoms | ZeroOcc | AltConf | Trace |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| 8 | H | 474 | Total C<br>474 474 | 0 | 0 | 474 |

- Molecule 9 is a protein called CCT.

| Mol | Chain | Residues | Atoms | ZeroOcc | AltConf | Trace |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| 9 | I | 293 | Total C<br>293 293 | 0 | 0 | 293 |

- Molecule 10 is a protein called CCT.

| Mol | Chain | Residues | Atoms | ZeroOcc | AltConf | Trace |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| 10 | J | 299 | Total C<br>299 299 | 0 | 0 | 299 |

- Molecule 11 is a protein called CCT.

| Mol | Chain | Residues | Atoms | ZeroOcc | AltConf | Trace |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| 11 | K | 394 | Total C<br>394 394 | 0 | 0 | 394 |

- Molecule 12 is a protein called CCT.

| Mol | Chain | Residues | Atoms | ZeroOcc | AltConf | Trace |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| 12 | L | 297 | Total C<br>297 297 | 0 | 0 | 297 |
| 12 | O | 297 | Total C<br>297 297 | 0 | 0 | 297 |

- Molecule 13 is a protein called CCT.

| Mol | Chain | Residues | Atoms | ZeroOcc | AltConf | Trace |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| 13 | M | 298 | Total C<br>298 298 | 0 | 0 | 298 |

- Molecule 14 is a protein called CCT.

| Mol | Chain | Residues | Atoms | | ZeroOcc | AltConf | Trace |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| | | | Total | C | | | |
| 14 | N | 289 | 289 | 289 | 0 | 0 | 289 |

- Molecule 15 is a protein called CCT.

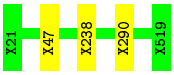
| Mol | Chain | Residues | Atoms | | ZeroOcc | AltConf | Trace |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| | | | Total | C | | | |
| 15 | P | 481 | 481 | 481 | 0 | 0 | 481 |

# 3 Residue-property plots (i)

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA and DNA chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

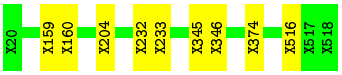
- Molecule 1: CCT

Chain A: 99%



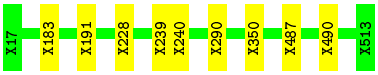

- Molecule 2: CCT

Chain B: 98%




- Molecule 3: CCT

Chain C: 98%

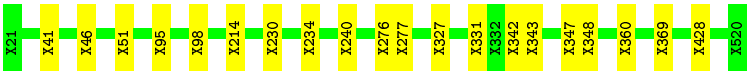



- Molecule 4: CCT

Chain D: 99%

- Molecule 5: CCT

Chain E: 96%

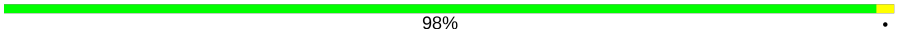


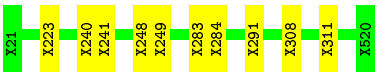

- Molecule 6: CCT

Chain F: 98%

- Molecule 7: CCT

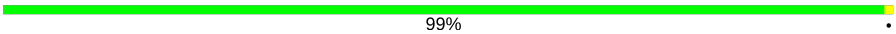
Chain G:



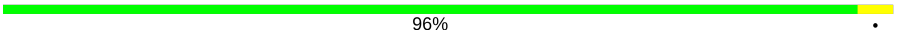

- Molecule 8: CCT

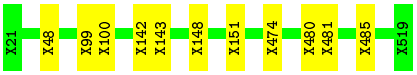
Chain H:



- Molecule 9: CCT

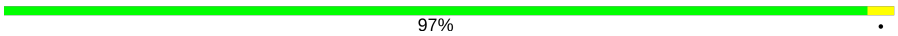
Chain I:



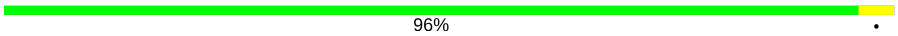

- Molecule 10: CCT

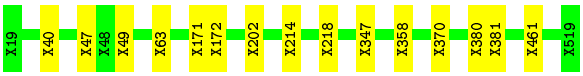
Chain J:



- Molecule 11: CCT

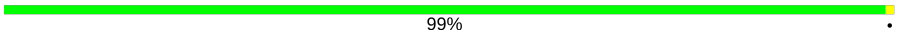
Chain K:



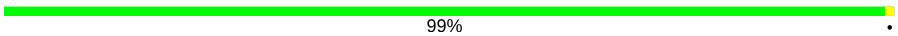

- Molecule 12: CCT

Chain L:



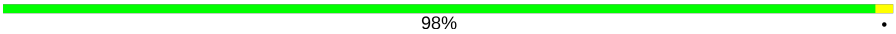
- Molecule 12: CCT

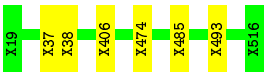
Chain O:



- Molecule 13: CCT

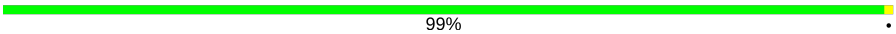
Chain M:

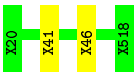



- Molecule 14: CCT

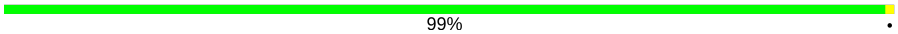
Chain N:

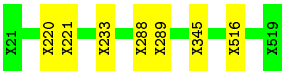



- Molecule 15: CCT

Chain P:



# 4 Data and refinement statistics (i)

| Property | Value | Source |
|---|---|---|
| Space group | P 21 21 2 | Depositor |
| Cell constants<br>a, b, c, $\alpha$, $\beta$, $\gamma$ | 272.70Å 313.50Å 158.30Å<br>90.00° 90.00° 90.00° | Depositor |
| Resolution (Å) | 100.00 – 5.50<br>97.58 – 5.44 | Depositor<br>EDS |
| % Data completeness<br>(in resolution range) | (Not available) (100.00-5.50)<br>98.4 (97.58-5.44) | Depositor<br>EDS |
| $R_{merge}$ | 0.05 | Depositor |
| $R_{sym}$ | (Not available) | Depositor |
| $< I/\sigma(I) >$ [1] | 1.37 (at 5.41Å) | Xtriage |
| Refinement program | REFMAC 5.5.0099 | Depositor |
| R, $R_{free}$ | (Not available) , (Not available)<br>0.433 , (Not available) | Depositor<br>DCC |
| $R_{free}$ test set | No test flags present. | wwPDB-VP |
| Wilson B-factor (Å$^2$) | 257.8 | Xtriage |
| Anisotropy | 0.400 | Xtriage |
| Bulk solvent $k_{sol}$(e/Å$^3$), $B_{sol}$(Å$^2$) | 0.52 , 11.1 | EDS |
| L-test for twinning[2] | $< \|L\| > = 0.32$, $< L^2 > = 0.16$ | Xtriage |
| Estimated twinning fraction | No twinning to report. | Xtriage |
| $F_o$,$F_c$ correlation | 0.76 | EDS |
| Total number of atoms | 6438 | wwPDB-VP |
| Average B, all atoms (Å$^2$) | 26.0 | wwPDB-VP |

Xtriage's analysis on translational NCS is as follows: *The largest off-origin peak in the Patterson function is 2.63% of the height of the origin peak. No significant pseudotranslation is detected.*

[1] Intensities estimated from amplitudes.

[2] Theoretical values of $< |L| >$, $< L^2 >$ for acentric reflections are 0.5, 0.333 respectively for untwinned datasets, and 0.375, 0.2 for perfectly twinned datasets.

# 5 Model quality (i)

## 5.1 Standard geometry (i)

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 5$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

There are no protein, RNA or DNA chains available to summarize Z scores of covalent bonds and angles.

There are no bond length outliers.

There are no bond angle outliers.

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no planarity outliers.

## 5.2 Too-close contacts (i)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry related clashes.

| Mol | Chain | Non-H | H(model) | H(added) | Clashes | Symm-Clashes |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| 1 | A | 489 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 0 |
| 2 | B | 478 | 0 | 0 | 5 | 0 |
| 3 | C | 455 | 0 | 0 | 5 | 0 |
| 4 | D | 471 | 0 | 0 | 4 | 0 |
| 5 | E | 472 | 0 | 0 | 11 | 0 |
| 6 | F | 466 | 0 | 0 | 5 | 0 |
| 7 | G | 485 | 0 | 0 | 5 | 0 |
| 8 | H | 474 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 0 |
| 9 | I | 293 | 0 | 0 | 6 | 0 |
| 10 | J | 299 | 0 | 0 | 4 | 0 |
| 11 | K | 394 | 0 | 0 | 8 | 0 |
| 12 | L | 297 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 0 |
| 12 | O | 297 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 |
| 13 | M | 298 | 0 | 0 | 3 | 0 |
| 14 | N | 289 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 |
| 15 | P | 481 | 0 | 0 | 4 | 0 |
| All | All | 6438 | 0 | 0 | 63 | 0 |

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including

hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 10.

The worst 5 of 63 close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

| Atom-1 | Atom-2 | Interatomic distance (Å) | Clash overlap (Å) |
|---|---|---|---|
| 11:K:171:UNK:C | 11:K:172:UNK:CA | 2.24 | 1.15 |
| 7:G:283:UNK:CA | 7:G:284:UNK:CA | 2.25 | 1.13 |
| 4:D:448:UNK:CA | 4:D:449:UNK:CA | 2.27 | 1.13 |
| 3:C:239:UNK:CA | 3:C:290:UNK:CA | 2.30 | 1.10 |
| 2:B:232:UNK:CA | 2:B:346:UNK:CA | 2.34 | 1.06 |

There are no symmetry-related clashes.

## 5.3 Torsion angles (i)

### 5.3.1 Protein backbone (i)

There are no protein backbone outliers to report in this entry.

### 5.3.2 Protein sidechains (i)

There are no protein residues with a non-rotameric sidechain to report in this entry.

### 5.3.3 RNA (i)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

## 5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

## 5.5 Carbohydrates (i)

There are no carbohydrates in this entry.

## 5.6 Ligand geometry (i)

There are no ligands in this entry.

## 5.7 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.

## 5.8 Polymer linkage issues (i)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.

# 6 Fit of model and data (i)

## 6.1 Protein, DNA and RNA chains (i)

Unable to reproduce the depositors R factor - this section is therefore empty.

## 6.2 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

Unable to reproduce the depositors R factor - this section is therefore empty.

## 6.3 Carbohydrates (i)

Unable to reproduce the depositors R factor - this section is therefore empty.

## 6.4 Ligands (i)

Unable to reproduce the depositors R factor - this section is therefore empty.

## 6.5 Other polymers (i)

Unable to reproduce the depositors R factor - this section is therefore empty.